### N-756 (Rev. 1996)

# STATE OF HAWAII — DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION ENTERPRISE ZONE TAX CREDIT

SEE INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM.

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Or fiscal year beginning _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19	, and ending	,	19_

19		
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ATTACH THIS SCHEDULE TO FORM	SSN OR FEIN	SSN OR FEIN		
Name	Hawaii G.E./Us	Hawaii G.E./Use Identification Number		
In order to claim the enterprise zone tax of 1. Form N-756, Enterprise Zone Tax Cre 2. Form N-756A, Information Statement,	le began <b>during</b> your taxable year rather than a redit, <b>ALL</b> of the following MUST be attached to	o your tax r	eturn:  S corporation	
Part I - Computation of Tax and Unemp	loyment Insurance Premiums Attril	butable t	o Zone Activity	
1. Total tax liability				1
2a. Total gross income within the zone		2a		
b. Total gross income within Hawaii		2b		
c. Divide line 2a by line 2b. This is the percentage				2c
3. Multiply line 1 by line 2c				3
4. Total unemployment insurance premiums paid				4
5a. Total payroll for employees employed within the	zone	5a		
b. Total payroll for employees employed within Ha	waii	5b		
c. Divide line 5a by line 5b. This is the percentage				_
employees employed within the zone				5c
6. Multiply line 4 by line 5c				6
7. Add lines 3 and 6				7
Part II - Computation of Tax Credit Whe	en the 7-Year Cycle Began at the St	art of the	Taxable Year	
B. Enter the cycle year				
9. Enter the percentage from the table below that a	applies to your cycle year			9
Cycle Year Applicable Percentage	Cycle Year Applicable Perce	entage		
180%	540%			
270% 360%	630% 720%			
450%				
<ol> <li>Multiply line 7 by line 9. This is your enterprise z line 29; Form N-12, line 40; Form N-15, line 40; is applicable</li> </ol>	Form N-30, Schedule H, line 2; or Form N-70N	, line 13(c);		10
Part III - Computation of Tax Credit Wh			ole Year	II.
11. Enter the 2 cycle years contained in the taxable you only need to complete lines 11a, 12a-12e, a	year. (Note: If the taxable year contains only y			
a. Cycle year b.	Cycle year			
12. Cycle year referred to on line 11a				
a. Enter the number of months during the taxable	e year attributable to the cycle year	40-		
		12a		
b Divide line 12a by 12		12b		
c. Enter the percentage applicable to the cycle y for percentage table)	vear referred to on line 11a. (See line 9	12c		
d. Multiply line 12b by line 12c		12d		
e. Multiply line 7 by line 12d				12e
13. Cycle year referred to on line 11b				
Enter the number of months during the taxable referred to on line 11b	e year attributable to the cycle year	13a		
b. Divide line 13a by 12		13b		
c. Enter the percentage applicable to the cycle y				
d. Multiply line 13b by line 13c		13c		
e. Multiply line 7 by line 13d				13e
e. Multiply line 7 by line 13d				
29; Form N-12, line 40; Form N-15, line 40; Form	-			

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

### **FORM N-756**

(Rev. 1996)

## STATE OF HAWAII — DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM N-756

#### **ENTERPRISE ZONE TAX CREDIT**

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

A qualified business which has received certification from the Department of Business, Economic Development & Tourism may claim the enterprise zone tax credit.

A business that has been certified is entitled, subject to the apportionment provisions, to an enterprise zone tax credit against any taxes due the State according to the following formula:

First year 80% of tax due Second year 70% of tax due Third year 60% of tax due Fourth year 50% of tax due Sixth year 30% of tax due Seventh year 20% of tax due

In addition, a business that has been certified is entitled, subject to the apportionment provisions, to an enterprise zone tax credit against any taxes due the State in an amount equal to a percentage of unemployment insurance premiums paid on the payroll of all the business' employees employed in the enterprise zone, including employees who do not qualify under the definition of a low-income person, according to the following formula:

First year
Second year
Third year
Fourth year
Sixth year
Seventh year
Sow of premiums paid
60% of premiums paid
40% of premiums paid
40% of premiums paid
50xth year
30% of premiums paid
50xth year
20% of premiums paid
50xth year
20% of premiums paid

If the enterprise zone tax credit exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability, the excess of credit over liability shall not be refunded to the taxpayer, nor shall it be carried over or carried back to another tax period.

The enterprise zone tax credit shall apply only to the extent that a qualified business conducts trade or business within the zone. A business which has income taxable both within and without Hawaii shall apportion and allocate the business' net income under sections 235-21 to 235-39, Hawaii Revised Statutes, (HRS), prior to calculating the enterprise zone tax credit.

"Trade or business" means all business activity by a qualified business within an enterprise zone, whereby 1) tangible personal property is sold at wholesale and the sale takes place within the zone, 2) a qualified business engages in a service business within the zone, or 3) value is added to materials or products that are manufactured within the zone.

"Service business" means any corporation, partnership, or sole proprietorship that repairs ships or aircraft, provides telecommunication services, information technology design and production services, medical and health care services, or education and training services as defined in Chapter 209E, HRS.

Tangible personal property must be sold at wholesale by an establishment or qualified business located within an enterprise zone. Both the transfer of title and delivery to the buyer of the tangible personal property must take place in the same enterprise zone in which the tangible personal property is sold.

Services must be sold by an establishment or qualified business engaged in a service business within an enterprise zone and the services must be delivered in the same enterprise zone in which the services are sold. Where the service business, in the same transaction, engages in both the sale of tangible property and services, the service business shall segregate the sale of services from the sale of tangible personal property.

Value must be added to materials or products that are manufactured within the enterprise zone.

Each partner or S corporation shareholder of a business that has been certified shall separately determine for the partner's or shareholder's taxable year within which the business' taxable year ends, the partner's or shareholder's share of the credit. The partner's or shareholder's share of the entity's net income or loss and unemployment insurance credit shall be determined in accordance with the ratio in which the partners and shareholders divide the profits and losses of the partnership or the S corporation, respectively.

**Note:** ALL of the following **must** be attached to your tax return in order to claim the enterprise zone tax credit:

- 1. Form N-756, Enterprise Zone Tax Credit
- 2. Form N-756A, Information Statement, if you are a partner of a partnership or a shareholder of an S corporation
- A copy of the certification issued by the Department of Business, Economic Development & Tourism

### SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS PART I

**Line 1.** — Enter the total tax liability from Form N-11, line 26; Form N-12, line 37; Form N-15, line 39; Form N-30, Schedule J, line 17; or Form N-70NP, line 9; whichever is applicable. (**Note:** For Forms N-11, N-12, and N-15, do not include the separate tax from Forms N-2, N-152, N-312, N-405, N-586, or N-814 in your total tax liability.)

**Line 2a.** — Enter the total gross income of the qualified business within the zone during the taxable year whereby tangible personal property is sold at wholesale to business firms, a qualified business engages in a service business, or value is added to materials or products that are manufactured by a qualified business.

For an individual operating as a sole proprietorship, enter the amount of the business' net income which is attributable to the conduct of trade or business within the zone. This is calculated by multiplying the business' net income by a fraction; the numerator being the total gross receipts of the business within the zone and the denominator being the total gross receipts of the business within Hawaii.

Partners and S corporation shareholders should enter the amount from Form N-756A, line 2e.

Line 2b. — Enter the total gross income of the qualified business within Hawaii during the taxable year, including sales within and without the enterprise zone. A business is taxable without the enterprise zone if the business has: 1) income from business activity within the zone which does not fall within the definition of trade or business, or 2) income from business activity conducted outside the zone. This term includes work that a business located within a zone subcontracts to a business located outside the zone and the work is delivered outside the zone.

For an individual, enter the total gross income within Hawaii, including your business's net income (if operating as a sole proprietorship), salary, interest income, dividend income, etc.

Partners and S corporation shareholders should include in the total amount reported on line 2b, the amount from Form N-756A, line 2a.

**Line 4.** — Enter the total amount of unemployment insurance premiums paid on the payroll of all the business' employees employed in the enterprise zone.

Partners and S corporation shareholders claiming their share of the entity's unemployment insurance premiums paid within the zone should skip lines 4, and 5a-5c; and enter the amount from Form N-756A, line 3e, on line 6. On the dotted line next to line 6, write "From Form N-756A."

**Line 5a.** — Enter the total payroll for employees employed within the zone during the taxable year. An employee is employed within the zone if: 1) the individual's service is performed entirely within the zone, or 2) the individual's service is performed both within and without the zone, but the service performed without the zone is incidental to the individual's service within the zone.

Line 5b. — Enter the total payroll for all employees within Hawaii.

Part II should be completed if your 7-year cycle began at the start of your taxable year.

**Part III** should be completed if your 7-year cycle began during your taxable year rather than at the start of your taxable year.